

23. _____ of everything is bad.
 A. deficiency B. Moderation C. Excess D. None of these
24. As the crow is so the _____ shall be.
 A. Eggs B. Children C. Embryo D. None of these
25. Hard work is the _____ to success.
 A. Lock B. Key C. Door D. Window

PHYSICS

- 26) The device or circuit used to convert A.C. into D.C. is called:
 (a) An amplifier (b) Rectifier (c) Filter circuit (d) Transistor
- 27) The work done by friction is:
 (a) Positive (b) Negative (c) Zero (d) None of these
- 28) S.I unit of frequency is:
 (a) Radian (b) ms^{-1} (c) Sine wave (d) Hertz
- 29) The time period of a second pendulum is:
 (a) 2 seconds (b) 4 seconds (c) 6 seconds (d) None of these
- 30) When angle between force and displacement is zero, the work done on a body is:
 (a) Zero (b) Maximum (c) Minimum (d) None of these
- 31) Simple harmonic motion is also called:
 (a) Periodic motion (b) Random motion (c) Projectile motion (d) None of these
- 32) Holes can exist in:
 (a) Conductors (b) Semiconductors (c) Insulators (d) All of these
- 33) An AND gate is used to:
 (a) Add binary numbers (b) Subtract binary numbers (c) Divide binary numbers (d) Multiply binary numbers
- 34) The direction of a vector in space is specified by:
 (a) One angle (b) Two angles (c) Three angles (d) No angle
- 35) Mass attached to a spring executes:
 (a) Simple harmonic motion (b) Rotational motion (c) Non-harmonic motion (d) None of these
- 36) The diameter of a lens is called:
 (a) Focal Length (b) Principle axis (c) Aperture (d) Radius of lens
- 37) The least distance of distinct vision for a normal eye is:
 (a) 15 cm (b) 25 cm (c) 30 cm (d) 40 cm
- 38) The current passing through a metallic conductor is due to the motion of:
 (a) Atoms (b) Molecules (c) Ions (d) Electrons
- 39) A semiconductor works as:
 (a) Good conductor (b) Good insulator (c) Partially conductor and partially insulator (d) None of these
- 40) Energy required by an electron to move from ground state to higher energy state is called:
 (a) Ionization potential (b) Excitation potential (c) Ionization energy (d) Excitation energy
- 41) Which of the following explains the particle nature of light?
 (a) Interference (b) Diffraction (c) Polarization (d) Photoelectric effect
- 42) The energy of a photon is given by:
 (a) $E = m_0 c^2$ (b) $E = V_0 e$ (c) $E = hf$ (d) $E = \frac{mv^2}{2}$
- 43) The fourth state of matter is called:
 (a) Gas (b) Plasma (c) Vaporization (d) None of these
- 44) The ability of a body to return to its original shape is called:
 (a) Elasticity (b) Elastic force (c) Stress (d) Plasticity
- 45) Which of the following are electromagnetic waves?
 (a) Sound waves (b) Water waves (c) Matter waves (d) Light waves
- 46) Momentum of a photon is
 (a) $\frac{h}{\lambda}$ (b) $\frac{h}{\nu}$ (c) $\frac{h}{f}$ (d) $\frac{h\nu}{c}$
- 47) In the equation $PV = nRT$, the constant of proportionality R is known as:
 (a) Universal gas constant (b) Gas constant (c) Ideal gas factor (d) Gas index
- 48) Silicon is a:
 (a) Semiconductor (b) Good conductor (c) Good insulator (d) None of these
- 49) An insulator has:
 (a) Completely filled valance band (b) Half-filled valance band (c) Empty valance band (d) None of these

Which of the following is the most suitable material for the core of a transformer?

- (a) Soft iron (b) Alnico (c) Steel (d) Cobalt

CHEMISTRY

- 1) Values of Charles's law constant k depends upon
 (a) mass of gas (b) pressure gas (c) no. of moles of gas (d) all above
- 2) The force of attraction between the atoms of helium is
 (a) hydrogen bonding (b) coordinate covalent bond (c) covalent bond (d) London dispersion force
- 3) Boiling point is low for liquid with
 (a) high vapour pressure at given temperature (b) low vapour pressure at a given temperature
 (c) very high vapour pressure (d) very low vapour pressure
- 4) Crystal lattice of substance can be categorised into
 (a) five types (b) seven types (c) six types (d) none of these
- 5) Orbitals having same energy are called
 (a) hybrid orbitals (b) valence orbitals (c) degenerate orbitals (d) d orbitals
- 6) Alpha particles are identical to
 (a) hydrogen atoms (b) helium atoms (c) helium nuclei (d) fast moving electrons
- 7) The number of atoms present in a molecule determine its
 (a) molecularity (b) basicity (c) acidity (d) atomicity
- 8) Mass spectrometer separates different positive isotopic ions on the basis of their
 (a) mass value (b) m/e value (c) e/m value (d) charge value
- 9) Percentage of oxygen in H_2O is
 (a) 80% (b) 88.8% (c) 8.8% (d) 9.8%
- 10) The largest number of molecules are presenting
 (a) 3.6 gram of H_2O (b) 4.8 gram of C_2H_5OH (c) 2.8 gm of CO (d) 5.4 gms of N_2O
- 11) Solvent extraction is an equilibrium process and it is controlled by
 (a) law of mass action (b) the amount of solvent used (c) distribution law (d) the amount of solute
- 12) In the Bohr's model of atom the electron in an energy level emits or absorbs energy only when it
 (a) remains in the same energy level (b) dies out (c) changes its energy level (d) jumps away
- 13) Which of the following colours has the shortest wavelength in the visible spectrum of light
 (a) red (b) blue (c) violet (d) green
- 14) A dual character of matter particles in motion was postulated by
 (a) De-Broglie (b) Planck (c) Einstein (d) Schrodinger
- 15) The IUPAC name of iso-octane is
 (a) 2,4,4-Trimethyl pentane (b) 2,2,3-Trimethyl pentane
 (c) 2,2,4-Trimethyl pentane (d) 2,3,3-Trimethyl pentane
- 16) The Raney nickel is prepared by treating _____ with NaOH
 (a) Ni-Pb (b) Ni-Al (c) Ni-Ag (d) Ni-Cu
- 17) Which of the following compound reacts slower than benzene in electrophilic substitution?
 (a) Phenol (b) Aniline (c) Nitro Benzene (d) Toluene
- 18) The group that deactivates the benzene ring for electrophilic substitution?
 (a) Amino (b) Methyl (c) Chlorine (d) Hydroxy
- 19) Aldol Condensation occur between
 (a) two aldehydes (b) two ketones (c) an aldehyde & an ketone (d) all of these
- 20) Which of the following quantum numbers describes shape of an electron in an atom
 (a) principal quantum (b) azimuthal quantum (c) magnetic quantum (d) spin quantum
- 21) Most of the elements are
 (a) Crystalloids (b) Metalloids (c) Metals (d) Non-Metals
- 22) The total number of elements in s-block is
 (a) 24 (b) 14 (c) 34 (d) 04
- 23) Which of the following has highest melting point?
 (a) Aluminium (b) Sulphur (c) Silicon (d) Phosphorus
- 24) Which nobel gas is present on the earth due to radioactive decay?
 (a) Rn (b) Xe (c) Kr (d) Ar
- 25) Which part of the atmosphere is near to earth
 (a) Mesosphere (b) Troposphere (c) Stratosphere (d) Thermosphere

BIOLOGY

- 26) The idea that new cells originate from pre-existing cells was proposed by
 a) Robert Brown b) Rudolph Virchow c) Louis Pasteur d) August Weismann
- 27) The spherical or tubular membranes of Endoplasmic reticulum are called
 a) Cristae b) Thylakoid c) Matrix d) Cisternae
- 28) The chromosome number in potato
 a) 48 b) 46 c) 24 d) 50

- 79) In five kingdom classification, all unicellular prokaryotes are placed in the kingdom
 a) Protista b) Plantae c) Monera d) Eukaryote
- 80) When bacteria divides in three planes producing a bundle of 8 cells, the structure so formed is called
 a) Tetrad b) Sarcina c) Cocci d) Bacilli
- 81) The bacteria obtaining food by oxidizing inorganic compounds like ammonia
 a) Photosynthetic b) Oxidative c) Chemosynthetic d) Anaerobic
- 82) The actinopods move by
 a) Pseudopods b) Flagella c) Pili d) Cilia
- 83) A plant body which is not differentiated into true root, stems and leaves
 a) Protoplasma b) Filament c) Shoot d) Thallus
- 84) The formulation of hypothesis where we move from general reasoning to specific
 a) Inductive reasoning b) Deductive reasoning c) Conducive reasoning d) Progressive reasoning
- 85) Removal of environmental pollutants or toxic metals by living organisms like bacteria and plants
 a) Phytoremediation b) Bioreclamation c) Detoxification d) Bioremediation
- 86) A group of carbohydrates containing 3 to 10 monosaccharides in straight or branch chains
 a) Trisaccharides b) Polysaccharides c) Oligosaccharides d) Starches
- 87) According to Erwin Chargaff (1951) the ratio of A and T is
 a) Adenine is double to Thiamine b) Thiamine is double to Adenine
 c) Adenine equals to Thiamine d) None of these
- 88) The "Lock and Key Model" of enzyme activity was proposed by
 a) Emil Fisher b) Koshland c) Erwin Chargaff d) Rosalind Franklin
- 89) In fungi, the nuclei are usually
 a) Diploid b) Triploid c) Haploid d) Tetraploid
- 90) The outer part of a flower, consisting of the calyx and corolla
 a) Bracket b) Perianth c) Sepals d) Androecium
- 91) The arrangement of flowers on floral axis is known as
 a) Inflorescence b) Phyllotaxy c) Capitulum d) Panicle
- 92) The flagellated cells found in parazoans helping in digestion of food material
 a) Oocytes b) Cilia c) Choanocytes d) Trichomes
- 93) The synthesis of ATP in the presence of oxygen is called
 a) Oxidative phosphorylation b) Chemiosmosis c) Electron transport chain d) Reductive phosphorylation
- 94) Tiny thin walled ducts in the lungs of birds opened at both ends are called
 a) Operculum b) Trachea c) Alveoli d) Para-bronchi
- 95) The pathway of water movement in plants through cell wall
 a) Symplastic b) Vacuolar c) Apoplastic d) Trans-membrane
- 96) The exchange of parts of non-sister chromatids of homologous chromosomes during meiosis is called
 a) Crossing over b) Recombinant DNA c) Plasmid d) Non-disjunction
- 97) The metabolic wastes in human body are detoxified in
 a) Heart b) Pancreas c) Kidney d) Liver
- 98) The first carbon compound which enters Krebs' cycle is
 a) Succinate b) Pyruvate c) Acetyl Co-A d) Malate
- 99) The ATP generation power-house of the cell through respiration is
 a) Chloroplast b) Golgi Complex c) Lysosomes d) Mitochondria
- 100) Animals feeding on plants are called
 a) Detritivores b) Herbivores c) Omnivores d) Carnivores

1.D	28.D	55.C	82.A
2.C	29.A	56.C	83.D
3.B	30.B	57.D	84.B
4.B	31.A	58.C	85.D
5.B	32.B	59.B	86.C
6.C	33.D	60.A	87.C
7.B	34.C	61.C	88.A
8.B	35.A	62.C	89.C
9.C	36.C	63.C	90.B
10.B	37.B	64.A	91.A
11.B	38.D	65.C	92.C
12.C	39.C	66.B	93.A
13.A	40.D	67.C	94.D
14.C	41.D	68.C	95.C
15.B	42.C	69.A	96.A
16.B	43.B	70.B	97.D
17.D	44.A	71.C	98.C
18.B	45.D	72.B	99.D
19.B	46.A	73.C	100.B
20.D	47.A	74.A	
21.B	48.A	75.B	
22.B	49.D	76.B	
23.C	50.A	77.D	
24.A	51.D	78.A	
25.B	52.D	79.C	
26.B	53.A	80.B	
27.B	54.B	81.C	